





Turn over 🕨



PEARSON

	Answer the questions in Section A on the option for which you have been pre	pareu.
ption	2G.1: The rise and fall of fascism in Italy, c1911–46	
ource	for use with Question 1a.	
ource	1: From a speech made by Georges Clemenceau on 5 November 1917. Clemencea was appointed as French Prime Minister on 16 November 1917. France was Italy's ally in the First World War. Here Clemenceau is commenting on the Italian defeat at Caporetto in October 1917.	
	The principal error of the Italian high command was the faulty positioning of its armies. The Second Army was positioned facing northward on the high mountains without having reached the summits, which were possessed by the enemy. The Third Army had conquered the summits. It faced eastward. But the Austrians still held a whole sector which separated the Italian forces.	5
	Military critics had already pointed out that both Italian armies might be thrown into confusion by the enemy if it decided to attack on both sides with sufficient forces. That is precisely what happened when the Germans transferred their troops from Russia to the Italian Alps. The second error: there were reserves ready in case of a surprise. But the Italian General Cadorna was unwilling to keep them near the front. So, when the need came, they could not intervene, and thus the destruction of the Second Army was followed by	10
	the retreat of the Third Army.	
	 the retreat of the Third Army. for use with Question 1b. 2: From a radio broadcast made by Mussolini on 2 October 1935. Here Mussolini i speaking to the Italian people as the war with Abyssinia was launched. 	s
	 for use with Question 1b. 2: From a radio broadcast made by Mussolini on 2 October 1935. Here Mussolini i speaking to the Italian people as the war with Abyssinia was launched. For many months the wheel of destiny has been moving. In these last hours the rhythm has become faster and cannot be halted. Not only is an army marching towards its objectives, but 44 million Italians are marching with this army, because there is an attempt to rob them of their place in the sun. 	s 15
	 for use with Question 1b. 2: From a radio broadcast made by Mussolini on 2 October 1935. Here Mussolini i speaking to the Italian people as the war with Abyssinia was launched. For many months the wheel of destiny has been moving. In these last hours the rhythm has become faster and cannot be halted. Not only is an army marching towards its objectives, but 44 million Italians are marching with 	

Sources for use with Section A.

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Option 2G.2: Spain, 1930–78: republicanism, Francoism and the re-establishment of democracy

Source for use with Question 2a.

Source 3: From Charlotte Haldane, Truth Will Out, published in 1949. Charlotte Haldane was a left-wing English writer and journalist. Here she is giving an account of her visit to Spain in 1933.

The poverty was tragic. It was bad in Cordoba, worse in Granada, almost universal in Seville. Everywhere was economic, mental and physical depression. There was a lot of local opposition to the Republic, led and organised by the Church. The Government's natural idealistic incompetence was made worse by systematic sabotage of every project attempted. The male working population was almost entirely anarchist. Socialism and Communism were in the minority. Almost the entire female population was firmly attached to Church politics, under the spiritual and political domination of the priesthood. Underneath all the beauty and glamour of the landscape, the architecture, the tradition and the romance were the rumblings of the political earthquake to come. 10

Source for use with Question 2b.

Source 4: From a letter written by Generalissimo Franco to Adolf Hitler, on 26 February 1941. Here Franco is informing Hitler of his views regarding Spain's possible entry into the Second World War.

I consider that the destiny of history has united you and me and the Duce* absolutely. Our Civil War is more than proof. I also share your opinion that the fact that Spain is situated on both sides of the Gibraltar Strait** forces her to the utmost enmity toward England, who aspires to maintain control of it. I have made clear to you since the beginning of these negotiations that the conditions of our economic situation are the only reasons why it has not been possible up to now to decide the date of Spain's participation. Furthermore, it must be acknowledged that in the guestion of the supply of foodstuffs, Germany has not fulfilled her offers of effective support until very recently. You will understand that, at a time when the people of Spain are suffering the greatest starvation, it is certainly not possible for me to ask further sacrifices of them unless there is an improvement in this situation. I want to remove with my answers all shadow of doubt and declare that I stand ready at your side, entirely and decidedly at your disposal, united in a common historical destiny.

*Duce – the Italian head of government, Benito Mussolini **Gibraltar Strait – the entrance to the Mediterranean Sea **BLANK PAGE**

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